

VZCZCXRO1857

RR RUEHAG RUEHAST RUEHBI RUEHCI RUEHDBU RUEHDF RUEHIK RUEHLH RUEHLN

RUEHLZ RUEHNEH RUEHPW RUEHROV RUEHSK RUEHSR RUEHVK RUEHYG

DE RUEHAH #0258 0561137

ZNR UUUUU ZZH

R 251137Z FEB 09

FM AMEMBASSY ASHGABAT

TO RUEHC/SECSTATE WASHDC 2351

INFO RUCNCLS/ALL SOUTH AND CENTRAL ASIA COLLECTIVE

RUCNCIS/CIS COLLECTIVE

RUCNMEM/EU MEMBER STATES COLLECTIVE

RUEHAK/AMEMBASSY ANKARA 4854

RUEHBJ/AMEMBASSY BEIJING 2626

RUEHKO/AMEMBASSY TOKYO 2491

RUEHIT/AMCONSUL ISTANBUL 3098

RHMFIUU/CDR USCENTCOM MACDILL AFB FL

RUEHVEN/USMISSION USOSCE 3342

RUEAIIA/CIA WASHDC

RHEFDIA/DIA WASHDC

RHEHNSC/NSC WASHDC

RUEKJCS/SECDEF WASHDC

RUEKJCS/JOINT STAFF WASHDC

UNCLAS ASHGABAT 000258

SIPDIS

STATE FOR SCA/CEN, EEB/TPP/IPE (MCGOWAN), INL (BUHLER)
DEPT PASS TO USTR JCHOE-GROVES

E.O. 12958: N/A

TAGS: [PGOV](#) [ECON](#) [ETRD](#) [KIPR](#) [TX](#)

SUBJECT: TURKMENISTAN: 2009 SPECIAL 301 REVIEW

REF: STATE 8410

¶11. The Government of Turkmenistan was informed about the 2009 Special 301 review process by means of diplomatic note delivered on February 4. Post has received no response from the Turkmen Government. Post recommends keeping Turkmenistan on the 2009 Special 301 Watch List and suggests including the following paragraph on Turkmenistan in the 2009 Special 301 report:

¶12. Turkmenistan has been on the Watch List since 2000, and it will remain on the Watch List in 2009 due to its lack of progress on IPR issues during the past year. Turkmenistan has numerous remaining steps to take in order to fulfill its IPR obligations under the 1993 U.S.-Turkmenistan Trade Agreement. Specifically, Turkmenistan is neither a member of the Berne Convention nor the Geneva Phonograms Convention and it has not yet signed the WIPO Internet Treaties. Although the Civil and Criminal Codes provide some degree of IPR protection and punishment for copyright violations and the Civil Code provides for counterfeited goods confiscation by a court decision, Turkmenistan has yet to adopt more explicit and comprehensive administrative and civil procedures and criminal penalties for IPR violations. Turkmenistan has not adopted a separate Copyright Law and consequently does not provide any protection to foreign sound recordings or preexisting works. IPR enforcement is inadequate because the Customs Code does not provide ex officio authority to seize suspected infringing material at the border. There are no known civil ex parte search procedures. The United States urges Turkmenistan to join appropriate international agreements and adopt the national legal reforms that will bring Turkmenistan into compliance with its obligations under the bilateral 1993 U.S.-Turkmenistan Agreement, and to undertake enforcement activities that will help strengthen its IPR regime.

MILES